

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1 1. A frequency discriminator for detecting phase shifts
2 between sequential pulses in a frequency-shift keyed (FSK) signal
3 having a nominal frequency, f , said frequency discriminator
4 comprising:

5 a first current controlled delay line capable of
6 receiving said FSK signal and delaying said FSK signal by a
7 desired time delay to thereby produce a time-delayed FSK signal;

8 a first multiplier capable of receiving and multiplying
9 said FSK signal and said time-delayed FSK signal to thereby
10 produce an output product signal proportional to a phase shift
11 between said FSK signal and said time-delayed FSK signal; and

12 a delay locked loop comprising a second current
13 controlled delay line substantially similar to said first current
14 controlled delay line, wherein said delay locked loop receives a
15 reference clock signal having a time period equal to said desired
16 time delay and adjusts a control current level in said second
17 current controlled delay line until a delay of said second
18 current controlled delay line matches said time period of said
19 reference clock signal, wherein said control current level is
20 then used to adjust a delay of said first current controlled
21 delay line.

1 2. The frequency discriminator as set forth in Claim 1
2 wherein said delay locked loop adjusts said control current level
3 of said second current controlled delay line by adjusting a bias
4 current in said second current controlled delay line.

1 3. The frequency discriminator as set forth in Claim 2
2 wherein said delay locked loop adjusts said delay of said first
3 current controlled delay line by adjusting a bias current in said
4 first current controlled delay line to match said bias current in
5 said second current controlled delay line.

1 4. The frequency discriminator as set forth in Claim 3
2 wherein said delay locked loop comprises a phase detector having
3 a first input for receiving said reference clock signal and a
4 second input for receiving an output signal of said second
5 current controlled delay line and generating a correction control
6 signal determined by a phase difference between said reference
7 clock signal and said output signal of said second current
8 controlled delay line.

1 5. The frequency discriminator as set forth in Claim 4
2 wherein said second current controlled delay line is configured
3 as an oscillator.

1 6. The frequency discriminator as set forth in Claim 2
2 further comprising:

3 a third current controlled delay line capable of
4 receiving said FSK signal and delaying said FSK signal by a
5 desired time delay to thereby produce a time-delayed FSK signal;
6 and

7 a second multiplier capable of receiving and
8 multiplying said FSK signal and said time-delayed FSK signal to
9 thereby produce an output product signal proportional to a phase
10 shift between said FSK signal and said time-delayed FSK signal;
11 wherein said delay locked loop uses said control current level to
12 adjust a delay of said third current controlled delay line.

1 7. The frequency discriminator as set forth in Claim 6
2 wherein said delay locked loop adjusts said delay of said third
3 current controlled delay line by adjusting a bias current in said
4 third current controlled delay line to match said bias current in
5 said second current controlled delay line.

1 8. A frequency-shift keyed (FSK) receiver comprising:
2 demodulation circuitry capable of receiving an incoming
3 radio frequency (RF) signal and generating therefrom a frequency-
4 shift keyed (FSK) signal having a nominal frequency, f ,; and
5 a frequency discriminator coupled to said demodulation
6 circuitry for detecting phase shifts between sequential pulses in
7 said FSK signal, said frequency discriminator comprising:
8 a first current controlled delay line capable of
9 receiving said FSK signal and delaying said FSK signal by a
10 desired time delay to thereby produce a time-delayed FSK
11 signal;
12 a multiplier capable of receiving and multiplying
13 said FSK signal and said time-delayed FSK signal to thereby
14 produce an output product signal proportional to a phase
15 shift between said FSK signal and said time-delayed FSK
16 signal; and
17 a delay locked loop comprising a second current
18 controlled delay line substantially similar to said first
19 current controlled delay line, wherein said delay locked
20 loop receives a reference clock signal having a time period
21 equal to said desired time delay and adjusts a control
22 current level in said second current controlled delay line
23 until a delay of said second current controlled delay line
24 matches said time period of said reference clock signal,
25 wherein said control current level is then used to adjust a

26 delay of said first current controlled delay line.

1 9. The frequency-shift keyed receiver as set forth in
2 Claim 8 wherein said delay locked loop adjusts said control
3 current level of said second current controlled delay line by
4 adjusting a bias current in said second current controlled delay
5 line.

1 10. The frequency-shift keyed receiver as set forth in
2 Claim 9 wherein said delay locked loop adjusts said delay of said
3 first current controlled delay line by adjusting a bias current
4 in said first current controlled delay line to match said bias
5 current in said second current controlled delay line.

1 11. The frequency-shift keyed receiver as set forth in
2 Claim 10 wherein said delay locked loop comprises a phase
3 detector having a first input for receiving said reference clock
4 signal and a second input for receiving an output signal of said
5 second current controlled delay line and generating a correction
6 control signal determined by a phase difference between said
7 reference clock signal and said output signal of said second
8 current controlled delay line.

1 12. The frequency-shift keyed receiver as set forth in
2 Claim 11 wherein said second current controlled delay line is
3 configured as an oscillator.

1 13. The frequency-shift keyed receiver as set forth in
2 Claim 9 further comprising:

3 a third current controlled delay line capable of
4 receiving said FSK signal and delaying said FSK signal by a
5 desired time delay to thereby produce a time-delayed FSK signal;
6 and

7 a second multiplier capable of receiving and
8 multiplying said FSK signal and said time-delayed FSK signal to
9 thereby produce an output product signal proportional to a phase
10 shift between said FSK signal and said time-delayed FSK signal;
11 wherein said delay locked loop uses said control current level to
12 adjust a delay of said third current controlled delay line.

1 14. The frequency-shift keyed receiver as set forth in
2 Claim 13 wherein said delay locked loop adjusts said delay of
3 said third current controlled delay line by adjusting a bias
4 current in said third current controlled delay line to match said
5 bias current in said second current controlled delay line.

1 15. A method of controlling a frequency discriminator
2 operable to detect phase shifts between sequential pulses in a
3 frequency-shift keyed (FSK) signal having a nominal frequency, f ,
4 the method comprising the steps of:

5 in a first current controlled delay line, delaying the
6 FSK signal by a desired time delay to thereby produce a time-
7 delayed FSK signal;

8 in a multiplier, multiplying the FSK signal and the
9 time-delayed FSK signal to thereby produce an output product
10 signal proportional to a phase shift between said FSK signal and
11 said time-delayed FSK signal;

12 in a delay locked loop comprising a second current
13 controlled delay line substantially similar to the first current
14 controlled delay line, receiving a reference clock signal having
15 a time period equal to the desired time delay and adjusting a
16 control current level in the second current controlled delay line
17 until a delay of the second current controlled delay line matches
18 the time period of the reference clock signal; and

19 adjusting a delay of the first current controlled delay
20 line according to the control current level.

1 16. The method as set forth in Claim 15 wherein the step of
2 adjusting the control current level of the second current
3 controlled delay line comprises the step of adjusting a bias
4 current in the second current controlled delay line.

1 17. The method as set forth in Claim 16 wherein the step of
2 adjusting the delay of the first current controlled delay line
3 comprises the step of adjusting a bias current in the first
4 current controlled delay line to match the bias current in the
5 second current controlled delay line.

1 18. The method as set forth in Claim 17 wherein the delay
2 locked loop comprises a phase detector having a first input for
3 receiving the reference clock signal and a second input for
4 receiving an output signal of the second current controlled delay
5 line and generating a correction control signal determined by a
6 phase difference between the reference clock signal and the
7 output signal of the second current controlled delay line.

1 19. The method as set forth in Claim 18 wherein the second
2 current controlled delay line is configured as an oscillator.

1 20. The method as set forth in Claim 16 further comprising
2 the steps of:

3 in a third current controlled delay line, delaying the
4 FSK signal by a desired time delay to thereby produce a time-
5 delayed FSK signal;

6 in a second multiplier, multiplying the FSK signal and
7 the time-delayed FSK signal to thereby produce an output product
8 signal proportional to a phase shift between said FSK signal and
9 said time-delayed FSK signal; and

10 adjusting a delay of the third current controlled delay
11 line according to the control current level.

1 21. The method as set forth in Claim 20 wherein the step of
2 adjusting the delay of the third current controlled delay line
3 comprises the step of adjusting a bias current in the third
4 current controlled delay line to match the bias current in the
5 second current controlled delay line.